

National Park Service

Ellis Island Junior Ranger Activity Booklet

Welcome to Ellis Island!

This activity book contains activities for you to complete as you explore the museum.

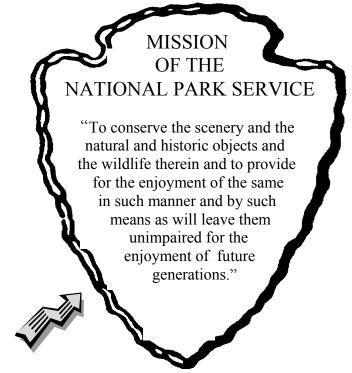
What's a National Park Doing in New York Harbor?

National Park sites are located in every state in the U.S. except Delaware. They come in all shapes and sizes and are as different from one another as we are. Ellis Island was declared part of the Statue of Liberty National Monument in 1965 by presidential proclamation. The Main Building was carefully restored during the 1980s and opened as an Immigration Museum in September of 1990.

In caring for America's special places, the National Park Service (NPS) has a very important role. This has been the mission of the NPS since this agency was created in 1916, even though Yellowstone was designated as the world's first National Park decades earlier, in 1872. As Junior Park Rangers, you play an important part in our mission.

Since that time, the National Park System has grown to include over 80 million acres of land in 49 states, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the District of Columbia. These include many different types of sites such as: national parks, monuments, memorials, battlefields, historic sites, recreation areas, rivers, lakeshores and seashores, scenic trails, preserves, military parks, and parkways, just to name a few.

Can you name any NPS sites?

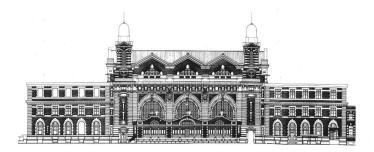


To become a Junior Ranger at Ellis Island

- Pick up a brochure at the Information Desk and look at the exhibit map of Ellis Island. This will show you the three floors of exhibits.
- 2. Complete the activities in this booklet and bring it to the Information Desk in the Baggage Room on the 1st floor.
- 3. Talk to the Ranger at the Information Desk and receive your Junior Ranger badge.

Have Fun!

About Ellis Island:



Named after Samuel Ellis, one of the last private owners of the island, Ellis Island was the first federally operated immigration station. It opened in 1892 and officially closed in 1954. During that time, over 12 million immigrants were processed here. Today a large part of the population of the United States can trace a relative who came through Ellis Island. The Immigration Service also operated more than two dozen other immigrant stations around the country. However, the majority of immigrants entered the United States through cities along the east coast since most traveled from Europe.

All immigrants arriving through the Port of New York were not required to go through Ellis Island. Only third class and steerage passengers were required to be inspected at Ellis Island. First and second class travelers, having more wealth, were not seen as much of a risk as those poorer immigrants who traveled steerage and third class. As these immigrants walked through the doors of Ellis Island, they entered the baggage room, each bringing with them different possessions, skills, and hopes.

Explore the Baggage Room (on the First Floor	
	ever, what would you bring with your, you will have to carry all the iter	

Now travel up to the Third Floor

Treasures from Home:

Compare the items in your list above to those found in the "Treasures from Home" exhibit. Are any items the same or different from the items on your list?

<u>Same</u>	<u>Different</u>

Ellis Island Chronicles:

Ellis Island, a small island in New York Harbor was only 3.3 acres in size until the 1890s. For hundreds of years it was used by Native Americans to gather oysters for food. Over the years, Ellis Island changed in name and usage. Go to the "Ellis Island Chronicles" exhibit (3rd floor) and search for some of the other names of this island. List them below and the reason why it was called that name.

Name	Reason
	Samuel Ellis, a businessman and landowner. Mr. Ellis owned the island from was then transferred to the State of New York until it was ceded to the federal
What was placed on Ellis Island during	ng that time?
immigrants in 1890, it chose Ellis Isla	ndfill. When the federal government became responsible for processing and as the location for the nation's first federal immigration station. The d the original complex of wooden buildings opened to immigrants on
Where did most of the landfill come f	from?
What happened to the original building	ngs on June 15, 1897?
When was the current red-bricked b	ouilding opened?
When did Ellis Island close as an imn	migration depot?
National Park Service. During the 19	part of the Statue of Liberty National Monument and placed in the care of the 280s, the Main Building was restored at a cost of \$160 million. It opened on ook through the "Restoring a Landmark" exhibit and list some things

Trum muses

Through America's Gate: The Medical Exam

The U.S. Public Health Service conducted the physical examinations for immigrants on Ellis Island in the Registry Room. Doctors watched as the immigrants walked up the stairs from the Baggage Room. The exam lasted only seconds. If an immigrant showed an outward sign of illness or injury, which could prevent them from earning a living, then he or she would be detained and possibly excluded from entering the United States.

Find the Medical Inspection room in the "Through America's Gate" exhibit on the west side of the Registry Room. List and discuss the symbols used to indicate medical conditions on immigrants that passed through Ellis Island.

	Symbol	Condition	
1.			
2.			
3.		- 	
4.			
5.			
Name s	ome conditions you wou	ld look for today and assign each one a code	e.
1.			
2.			

Mental testing was often conducted to make sure that immigrants did not have any disorders. This test is a sample!

(Immigrants had 3 minutes to complete a series of tests like this without further instruction)

NOTE:

If an immigrant failed the mental test three times, then that person was deported for having a mental illness!









Bonus question: Why do you think the test did not have any written instructions? (answer on back page)

Legal Inspection:

Look at the questions listed on the Manifests in the Registry Room and answer them below. For help, revisit "Through America's Gate" exhibit or join a Park Ranger tour. List your answers to the manifest below.

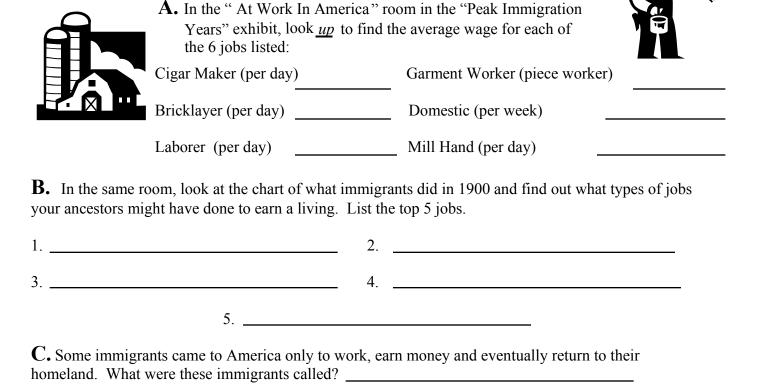
U.S.Department of Labor Immigration Service		
SALOON, CABIN, AND STEERAGE ALIEN	S MUST BE COMPLETELY INSPECTED	THIS SHEET FOR STEERAGE PASSENGERSPage
1. (Number on list.) 2. Name in Full	14. Whether having a ticket to final destination.	23. Condition of Health24. Deformed or crippled
3. Age 4. Sex	15. By whom was passage paid?16. Whether in possession of \$50.	25. Height26. Complexion
5. Married / Single	17. Whether ever in U.S. before.	27. Color of eyes/hair
6. Occupation	18. Whether going to join relative;	28. Identifying marks
7. Able to Read / Write	if so, list name and address	29. Place of Birth
8. Nationality	19. Ever in prison, almshouse,	Country:
9. Race	institution for care of insane etc	. City/Town:
10. Last Residence	20. Whether a Polygamist.	
11. Name & Address	21. Whether an Anarchist	
of relative in native country	22. Whether coming with an offer,	
12. Final Destination	promise, or agreement of labor.	# 2, 6, 15, 16, and 22.
13. (Number on list)		
1. assigned by steamship company	11.	21.
2.	12.	22.
3.		
J		<u> </u>
4.	14.	24.
5	15	25.
6.	16	26.
7.	17.	27.
8.	18.	28.
9.	19.	29.
Comments:		

Peak Immigration Years:



After leaving Ellis Island, immigrants had to find ways of supporting themselves and their families. Where ever immigrants settled, the desire for a better life was the leading focus for millions. It was this ideal that began the immigrant process all together. While some immigrants sought their fortune and others struggled, many immigrants found themselves at the crossroads of becoming "American" while keeping their traditions and culture alive. Long hours, low pay, and poor working conditions caused immigrants to question the American dream of a better life. The new "American

worker" was both liked and hated at the same time, and offered an easy excuse to anyone who wanted to blame the immigrant for the country's problems. These stumbling blocks just made the immigrant worker work harder and become Americanized that much quicker.



Citizenship:

Eventually most immigrants would seek the greatest privilege that America had to offer, citizenship. An alien can usually apply for naturalization after 5 years of residency. An immigrant must demonstrate a knowledge of American history and the English language and must not have a criminal past in order to take the test.



Go to the touch screen computer located near the entrance to Theater 2 in the "Peak Immigration Years" exhibit and take the "*Ellis Island Citizenship Test*."

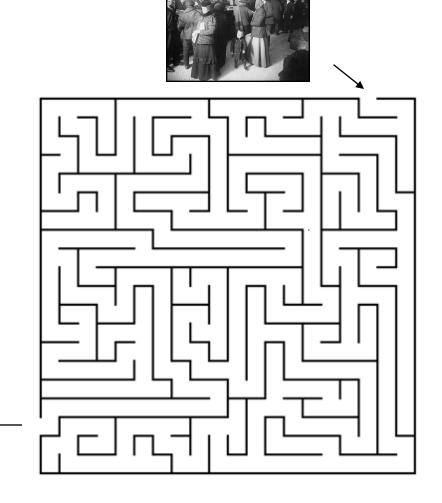
How many did you guess right?	How many do you need practice on?

Continue down to the First Floor to complete Junior Ranger activities

Leaving Ellis Island:

After processing, about two thirds of the immigrants at Ellis Island found their way to the Railroad Ticket Office to purchase a ticket to a destination outside of the New York City Area.

Find the ticket office on the first floor and then solve the maze to bring a family from Ellis Island to their new home.



You have completed all the activities to become a Junior Ranger! Talk to a Ranger at the Information Desk to complete your adventure. We hope that Ellis Island has left you wanting to know more about your own family history.

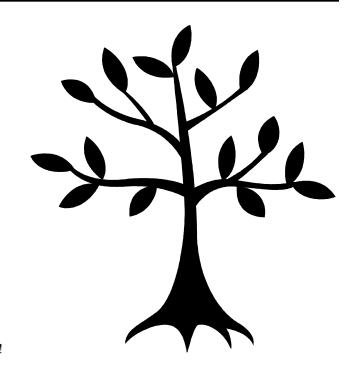
Ellis Island Legacy

The United States is a nation of nations. Both today and in the past, people left their homeland for a new life, facing an immigrant experience. Many of the arguments for and against immigration have their roots in the past, yet resonate in today's news. That is the legacy of Ellis Island.

Knowing about our family and where we came from can tell us who we are. The best way to start is to ask questions. You can start here by recording information about yourself and, when you get home, asking questions of your immediate family. Create your own family tree!

How to Start

Ask plenty of questions. Interview family members and list important things about them. Include more than just information about dates and places of birth. Ask about significant family events and record that too!



HAS COMPLETED THE REQUIREMENTS TO JUNIOR RANGER	 D BE A
HAS COMPLETED THE REQUIREMENTS TO	O BE A
	O BE A
JUNIOR RANGER	
AT ELLIS ISLAND	
As a Junior Ranger, I promise to help preserve and protect NM, including the Ellis Island Immigration Museum and ot that they can be enjoyed by future generations. I will do the earned today with others. I promise to continue to discove bout other National Parks and the National Park Service.	ther National Parks so this by sharing what I er, explore, and learn I also promise to have
fun being a National Park Service Junior R	anger.
	Stamp

Answer to bonus question on page 4:

A graphic test did not rely on any language. There were so many languages spoken on Ellis Island, a graphic test saved time. Also, immigrants were not required to be able to read and write as a condition of entry until later years.